

Long Division W.S

Name: _____

Divide each of the polynomials using long division.

$$1. (4x^2 - 9) \div (2x + 3)$$

$$2. (x^2 - 4) \div (x + 4)$$

$$3. (2x^2 + 5x - 3) \div (x + 3)$$

$$4. (2x^2 + 5x - 3) \div (x - 3)$$

$$5. (3x^2 - 13x - 10) \div (x - 5)$$

$$6. (3x^2 - 13x - 10) \div (x + 5)$$

$$7. (11x + 20x^2 + 12x^3 + 2) \div (3x + 2)$$

$$8. (12x^3 + 2 + 11x + 20x^2) \div (2x + 1)$$

$$9. \frac{x^4 - 1}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$10. \frac{x^4 - 9}{x^2 + 3}$$

Long Division W.S

Name: _____

Divide each of the polynomials using long division.

$$1. (4x^2 - 9) \div (2x + 3)$$

$$2x-3$$

$$2. (x^2 - 4) \div (x + 4)$$

$$x+4 - \frac{12}{x+4}$$

$$3. (2x^2 + 5x - 3) \div (x + 3)$$

$$2x-1$$

$$4. (2x^2 + 5x - 3) \div (x - 3)$$

$$2x+11 + \frac{30}{x-3}$$

$$5. (3x^2 - 13x - 10) \div (x - 5)$$

$$3x+2$$

$$6. (3x^2 - 13x - 10) \div (x + 5)$$

$$3x-28 + \frac{130}{x+5}$$

$$7. (11x + 20x^2 + 12x^3 + 2) \div (3x + 2)$$

$$4x^2 + 4x + 1$$

$$8. (12x^3 + 2 + 11x + 20x^2) \div (2x + 1)$$

$$6x^2 + 7x + 2$$

$$9. \frac{x^4 - 1}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$x^2 + 1$$

$$10. \frac{x^4 - 9}{x^2 + 3}$$

$$x^2 - 3$$